

Checking Initial Placement

Proper placement is critical to student success. You can accelerate a student's achievement by using Read Naturally Live's built-in placement test and then checking initial placement after the student completes the first three to six stories. The process of checking initial placement enables you to determine if the student's initial level and goal are appropriate or if you should adjust either the level or the goal.

The student's data must accurately reflect performance, so check initial placement only if you or a staff member guided the student during cold timings. If not, guide the student during cold timings for the next three stories, and then check initial placement using the data for those three stories.

To check initial placement, compare data from the Students At-a-Glance report to the Initial Placement Criteria listed below, and use your knowledge of the student to determine whether to continue, raise, or lower the level or the goal.



Read Naturally Live Initial Placement Criteria

Each initial placement criteria is based on the average of the student's scores for the first three to six stories. The Students At-a-Glance report provides those averages for the most recent three stories for each student.

The closer the student's data is to meeting the initial level and/or goal criteria, the more confident you can be that the student is placed in an appropriate level and/or has an appropriate goal.

Initial Level Criteria

- The student's cold-timing score indicates a potential fit for the placement level (see table).
- The student's percent correct on the quiz is at least 60%.

Placement Table

Placement	Scores in this range
Level	indicate a potential fit
0.8 to 3.0	30 to 60
3.5 to 5.0	60 to 80
5.6 to 7.0	80 to 100
8.0	100 to 140

Initial Goal Criteria

- The student's goal exceeds the cold-timing score by approximately:
 - 30 in grades 4 and below.
 - 40 in grades 5 and above.
- The student's goal is equal to or slightly less than the hot-timing score.
- The student's average number of practices is 3 to 10.

Until you are proficient with checking initial placement, use the detailed directions on the following pages: Part A: Check the Initial Level, Part B: Check the Initial Goal, and the Checking Initial Placement Worksheet.



Part A: Check the Initial Level

Checking initial placement begins with checking the level. You will use data from the Students At-a-Glance report, the Initial Level Criteria, and your knowledge of the student to determine whether to continue, raise, or lower the level.

Generate a Students At-a-Glance report, and check initial placement for each student who has completed the first three to six stories.

Step 1. Compare the student's placement level and cold-timing score for the most recent three stories to the Placement Table.

The cold-timing score shows the level may be:

☐ Too easy (above placement range)

☐ Appropriate (within placement range)

☐ Too difficult (below placement range)

Placement Scores in this range indicate a potential fit 0.8 to 3.0 30 to 60 3.5 to 5.0 60 to 80

5.6 to 7.0

8.0

80 to 100

100 to 140

Placement Table

Step 2. Compare the student's quiz-%-correct score for the most recent three stories to the ranges below.

The student's quiz-%-correct score shows the level may be:

☐ Too easy	,
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□ Appropriate□ Too difficult

Quiz Range Table Quiz-%correct score Level 93 – 100 Too Easy 60 – 92 Appropriate 0 – 59 Too difficult

Step 3. Find the suggested action(s) in the Level Adjustment Table based on the results of Step 1 and Step 2.

Level Adjustment Table

Cold-timing score shows the level	Quiz-%-correct score shows the level may be:						
may be:	Too easy (93 – 100)	Appropriate (60 – 92) ¹	Too difficult (0 – 59) ¹				
Too easy (above placement range)	Raise level	Raise or continue level	Continue or lower level				
Appropriate (within placement range)	Continue level	Continue level	Continue or lower level				
Too difficult (below placement range)	Continue or lower level	Continue or lower level	Lower level ²				

¹Support comprehension if quiz-%-correct scores are below 80%.

Step 4. Based on the suggested action(s) and your knowledge of the student, decide what action to take.

If you decide the student should continue in the same level, proceed to Part B: Check the Initial Goal. If you decide to raise or lower the level, do not proceed to Part B. Instead:

- Assign the next nearest level and conduct the student's first cold timing.
- Assign a goal using the Initial Goal Criteria (add 30 to the cold-timing score in grades 4 and below and 40 in grades 5 and above) and your knowledge of the student.

Check placement again after the student completes three stories in the new level.

²If the student is in level 0.8 or 1.0 and knows beginning sounds and about 50 words, you can continue, rather than lower, the level.



Part B: Check the Initial Goal

If the student continues in the same level, use data from the Students At-a-Glance report, the Initial Goal Criteria, and your knowledge of the student to determine whether to continue, raise, or lower the goal.

Step 1. Subtract the student's cold-timing score from the goal for the most	Co	ld Timing T	able		
recent three stories, and find the difference on the Cold Timing Table.		Goal minus cold-timing score			
The current goal, compared to the cold-timing score, is:	Grades 4 & below	Grades 5 & above	Goal		
☐ Too easy	0 – 24	0 – 34	Too easy		
☐ Appropriate	25 – 35	35 – 45	Appropriate		
☐ Too difficult	36+	46+	Too difficult		
- 100 difficult		iming score an the goal	Too easy		
Step 2. Subtract the student's goal from the hot-timing score for the most recent three stories, and find the difference on the Hot Timing Table.	Н	ot Timing 1	Гable		
The current goal, compared to the hot-timing score, is:	Hot-tim minu	Goal			
☐ Too easy	10 o	Too easy			
		- 9	Appropriate		
☐ Appropriate		timing score	Too difficult		
☐ Too difficult	is lower tr	nan the goal			
Step 3. Find the student's number of practices for the most recent three stories					
on the Number of Practices Table.		er of Pract	ices Table		
		ber of	Goal		
The current goal, compared to the number of practices, is:		tices			
☐ Too easy		:han 3	Too easy		
☐ Appropriate		- 10	Appropriate		
ppop	Greater	than 10	Too difficult		
☐ Too difficult					

Step 4. Find the suggested action(s) in the Goal Adjustment Table based on the results of Steps 1, 2, and 3. Goal Adjustment Table

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Results	Suggested Action			
3 results show the goal too easy	Daise and			
2 results show the goal is too easy and 1 shows it's appropriate	Raise goal			
2 results show the goal is too easy and 1 shows it's too difficult	Raise or continue goal			
2 results show the goal is appropriate and 1 shows it's too easy				
3 results show the goal is appropriate	Continue goal			
1 result shows the goal is too easy , 1 shows the goal is too difficult , and 1 shows the goal is appropriate				
2 results show the goal is appropriate and 1 shows it's too difficult	Continuo or lower goal			
2 results show the goal is too difficul t and 1 shows it's too easy	Continue or lower goal			
2 results show the goal is too difficult and 1 shows it's appropriate	Lower gool			
3 results show the goal is too difficult	Lower goal			

Step 5. Based on the suggested action(s) and your knowledge of the student, decide the student's goal.

If you decide to raise or lower the goal, assign a new goal using the Initial Goal Criteria (add 30 to the cold-timing score in grades 4 and below and 40 in grades 5 and above) and your knowledge of the student. Check the goal again after the student completes the next three stories.



Checking Initial Placement Worksheet

Use the student's scores from the most recent three stories.

Part A: Check the Initial Level		Placen below	arison i nent Ta	able	Quiz R below	arison t ange T	to able	Step 3 Refer to Adjust below Level (to the I ment T	able	Part B: Check the Initial Go		Cold T below	arison t iming T	able	Timing below	arison t g Table	o Hot	Numb Praction below	arison t er of ces Tab	le	Adjus below	to the (tment T	Гable
Student Name	Student's Level	Too Easy	Appropriate	Too Difficult	Too easy	Appropriate	Too Difficult	Raise level	Continue level	Lower level	Go on to Part B? If the student continues in the same level, proceed to Part B: Check the Initial Goal. If you change the student's level, stop. Set a new goal	Student's Goal	Too Easy	Appropriate	Too Difficult	Too Easy	Appropriate	Too Difficult	Too Easy	Appropriate	Too Difficult	Raise goal	Continue goal	Lower goal
											during the first cold timing in the new level.													

Discement Table

Placement Table							
Placement Level	Scores in this range indicate a potential fit						
0.8 to 3.0	30 to 60						
3.5 to 5.0	60 to 80						
5.6 to 7.0	80 to 100						
8.0	100 to 140						

Quiz Range Table

Quiz-%- correct score	Level
93 – 100	Too Easy
60 - 92	Appropriate
0 – 59	Too difficult

Level Adjustment Table

Cold-timing score shows the level	Quiz-%-correct score shows the level may be:						
may be:	Too easy (93 – 100)	Appropriate (60 – 92) ¹	Too difficult (0 – 59)1				
Too easy (above placement range)	Raise level	Raise or continue level	Continue or lower level				
Appropriate (within placement range)	Continue level	Continue level	Continue or lower level				
Too difficult (below placement range)	Continue or lower level	Continue or lower level	Lower level ²				

¹Support comprehension if quiz-%-correct scores are below 80%.

Cold Timing Table

	Goal minus cold-timing score					
Grades 4	Grades 5	Goal				
& below	& above					
0 – 24	0 – 34	Too easy				
25 – 35	35 – 45	Appropriate				
36+	46+	Too difficult				
If the cold	Too easy					
higher tha	ın the goal	100 easy				

Hot Timing Table

Hot-timing score minus goal	Goal
10 or more	Too easy
0-9	Appropriate
If the hot-timing score is lower than the goal	Too difficult

Number of Practices Table

Goal
Too easy
Appropriate
Too difficult

Goal Adjustment Table

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Results	Suggested Action
3 results show the goal too easy	Raise goal
2 results show the goal is too easy and 1 shows it's appropriate	
2 results show the goal is too easy and 1 shows it's too difficult	Raise or continue goal
2 results show the goal is appropriate and 1 shows it's too easy	
3 results show the goal is appropriate	Continue goal
1 result shows the goal is too easy, 1 shows the goal is too difficult, and 1 shows the goal is appropriate	
2 results show the goal is appropriate and 1 shows it's too difficult	Continue or lower goal
2 results show the goal is too difficult and 1 shows it's too easy	
2 results show the goal is too difficult and 1 shows it's appropriate	- Lower goal
3 results show the goal is too difficult	

³ If the student is in level 0.8 or 1.0 and knows beginning sounds and about 50 words, you can continue, rather than lower, the level.